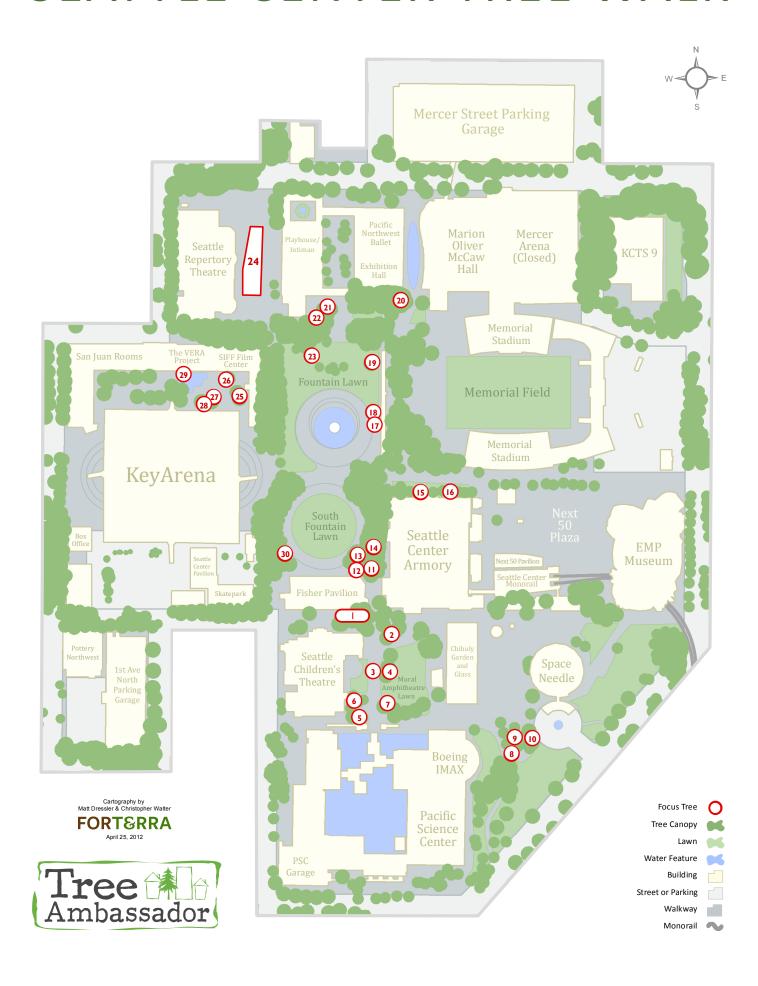
## SEATTLE CENTER TREE WALK



- **London Plane** *Platanus x acerifolia* Found all over the Seattle Center campus lining streets and walkways (157 in all). Many of the ones on the campus were planted for the 1962 Seattle World's Fair. They are the most common street tree in the world,
- **2 Katsura Tree** *Cercidiphyllum japonicum* This tree is positioned with the Seattle Center Totem Pole which was carved in 1970. Many other katsuras are planted throughout Seattle Center. Look for heart-shaped leaves.
- **Cimmaron Ash** Fraxinus pennsylvanica 'Cimmzam' This is a good street tree, seedless and resistant to storm damage with brick red leaves turning to flame color in fall
- **4 Crabapple** *Malus* If the apple fruit is smaller than 2", it is considered a crabapple.
- **Red Oak** *Quercus rubra* This tree was moved to make room for the new building. The well wall was built around the tree when it was excavated because it was planted too deep.
- **Rocky Mountain White Pine** *Pinus flexilis* This Rocky Mountain native has soft needles and sometimes is called a limber pine.
- **7 Giant Sequoia** Sequoiadendron giganteum Giant sequoias are the largest trees in the world. This one was planted about 1992. It has the potential to grow into the skyline with the Space Needle.
- **Epaulette Tree** *Pterostyrax hispida* This unusual tree is a relative of the more common Japanese snowbell tree, and will have golden frilling flowers that resemble the epaulette you might see on a officiers sholder.
- **9 Dove Tree** *Davidia involucrata* Also called the Kleenex or hankerchief tree for its fluttering white flowers in late April.
- **Weeping Willow** *Salix babylonica* This willow is a Seattle Center Legacy Tree due to its incredible size and iconic location.
- **11 English Laurel** *Prunus laurocerasus* Technically a shrub, English laurel is invasive to the region and a major source of urban forest destruction. This one was added to the National Register of Big Trees in 1985.
- **Cedar of Lebanon** *Cedrus libani* Planted for the World's Fair, donated by the American Institute of Urban Planners.
- **Japanese Zelkova** *Zelkova serrata* This tree has little flowering beauty but is a good urban tree. The one here, though highly stressed, has reached a height of over 50 feet, which is gargantuan for this species.
- **14 Medlar Tree** *Mespilus germanica* In the Rose Family, related to crabapples, this tree has large flowers and edible fruit and is known for its unique shape.

- Atlas Cedar *Cedrus atlantica 'Glauca'* The Atlas Cedar is from the Atlas Mountains in Algeria, and this form has bluish needles.
- **English Yew** *Taxus baccata* This tree is used often in formal gardens. The red berries are poisonous.
- **Japanese Black Pine** *Pinus thunbergii* Very picturesque trees, and good for Asian gardens and bonsai.
- **18 Grand Fir** *Abies grandis* The Grand Fir is an iconic Northwest native. This one was dedicated in 1995 to honor Seattle Center staff.
- **Tricolor Beech** *Fagus sylvatica* 'Purpurea tricolor' Called tricolor because of the unique coloring of these leaves- green, pink and white.
- **Strawberry Tree** *Arbutus unedo* So called because of its strawberry-looking fruit.
- **Daimyo Oak** *Quercus dentata* Planted in 1932 by the Daughters of the American Revolution (DAR).
- **Japanese Flowering Cherry** *Prunus serrulata 'Mt. Fuji'* The Cherry tree here was part of a gift of 1,000 cherry trees from the Japanese Consulate in honor of Crown Prince Akihito's visit in 1975.
- **Black Locust** *Robinia pseudoacacia* Leaning at a 45 degree angle, this 45 foot ancient is a brittle species. Beware the tiny thorns.
- **24** Shore Pine, Cascara, Garry Oak, Vine Maple Pinus contorta 'contorta'; Rhamnus purshiana; Quercus garryana; Acer circinnatum These trees are planted in a rain garden that was installed in 2010 as part of Theater Commons. Its design and choice of species helps manage and clean rainwater and runoff.
- **Alaska Weeping Cedar** *Chamaecyparis nootkatensis* Very unique Dr. Seuss looking; this tree is also identifiable by its strong scent. A plaque marks the spot where a time capsule is buried.
- **Atlas Cedar** *Cedrus atlantica* This tree towers over the DuPen Fountain, and is the standard "green" version of Atlas Cedar.
- **Dawn Redwood** *Metasequoia glyptostroboides* This endangered cousin of our California redwoods is a native to Asia. It is a descendant of a living fossil of this species found in China in the 1940s. It is a deciduous conifer, losing its needles every winter.
- **Coastal Redwood** *Sequoia sempervirens* A close relative of the giant sequoia, costal redwoods are the tallest trees in the world.
- **Saskatoon Serviceberry** *Amelanchier alnifolia* This native has small edible berries.
- **Japanese Flowering Cherry** *Prunus serrulata* These Seattle Cherry Blossom Festival trees bloom during the Japanese Cultural Festival in April.













